מדאורייתא, it is אסור to wear שעטנז), or to place it on one's body for warmth. מדרבנן, it is אטור to sleep on כלאים, even if it is under nine other threads, as we are worried that a piece of the material might come to touch him. The שלחן ערוך writes that this is only with soft material, where it is שייך for a thread to come through, but with regards to hard mattresses that are empty (thus eliminating the problem of threads coming through), it is to sit/sleep upon them. The רמ"א writes that the איסור of sleeping on ten spreads if even the bottom one has כלאים, does not refer to hard כלאים דרבנן (according to כלאים, רבינו תם דאורייתא is when the wool and linen are sewn or tied together, even if they are not soaked and combed together; the רמב"ם holds טרפן is when they are טרפן and טוואן together). As far as sitting on a cushion with כלאים, according to the ערוך השולחן, it is no problem, provided that the person is clothed (thus eliminating the problem of threads coming through and touching his skin) as according to the גר"א the whole problem stated above is only if the person is ערום.

It is מותר מותר מותר מותר וורה ברבים (not just learning תורה, but reading from a ספר תורה ברבים) provided that it is the same פרשת אחרי מות in יום כיפור in יום כיפור , and then skipping to למשל), the section about מותר (יום כיפור). It is to skip around in ספר provided that it is in the same ספר (or from ביא to נביא within תרי עשר) and the skipping is not backwards.